

## 7 Fraction Problem

For the given integer  $n$ , find all integers  $p$  such that  $1 \leq p < n$  and the following formula is an integer.

$$\frac{n - \frac{1}{2}p}{n - p}$$

### 7.1 Input

The input contains  $T$  testcases, the first line is an integer  $T$  ( $1 \leq T \leq 10^3$ ), denoting the number of testcases.

For each test case, the input contains only one integer  $n$  ( $2 \leq n \leq 10^9$ ) in one line, denoting the  $n$  in the above formula.

### 7.2 Output

For each testcase, output two lines.

The first line contains only one integer  $|a|$ , denoting the number of valid  $p$ .

The second line contains  $|a|$  integers, denoting the array  $a$  consisting of all valid  $p$  sorted in ascending order. The  $i$ -th number of  $a$  is  $a_i$ , denoting the  $i$ -th smallest valid  $p$ .

### 7.3 Sample Input/Output

| Sample Input 1 | Sample Output 1               |
|----------------|-------------------------------|
| 5              | 1                             |
| 10             | 8                             |
| 100            | 2                             |
| 1000           | 80 96                         |
| 10000          | 3                             |
| 100000         | 800 960 992                   |
|                | 4                             |
|                | 8000 9600 9920 9984           |
|                | 5                             |
|                | 80000 96000 99200 99840 99968 |
| Sample Input 2 | Sample Output 2               |
| 5              | 0                             |
| 2              |                               |
| 3              | 1                             |
| 4              | 2                             |
| 5              | 0                             |
| 6              | 1                             |
|                | 4                             |
|                | 1                             |
|                | 4                             |